

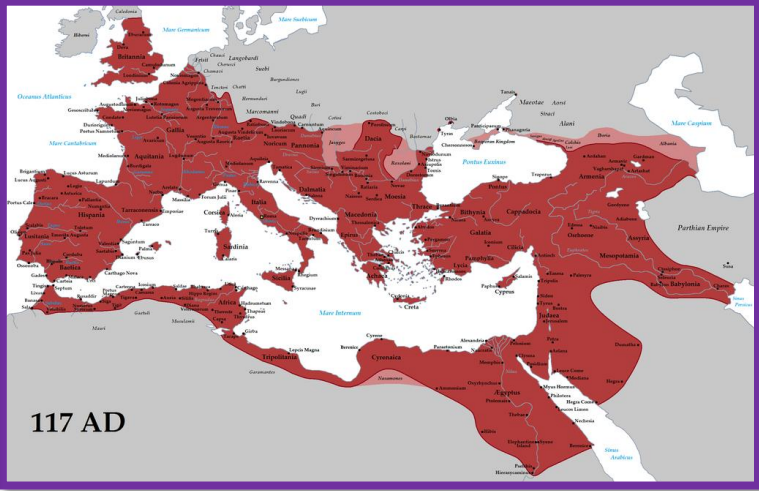


History

Year 4 – Autumn – What were the Ancient Romans like? – History – Knowledge Organiser

<p>empire</p> <p>An extensive group of territories ruled over by a single person, government, or country.</p>	<p>territories</p> <p>Areas of land that are controlled and governed by a particular country, ruler, or government.</p>	<p>expansion</p> <p>The process of becoming greater in size or scope, often by increasing territory, influence, or activities.</p>	<p>invasion</p> <p>The action of entering a country by force with the intent to conquer.</p>	<p>legacy</p> <p>something that is passed down from the past.</p>	<p>army</p> <p>An army is a large, organized group of soldiers trained to fight other armies or groups</p>	<p>legion</p> <p>A large group of soldiers in ancient Rome.</p>	<p>shield</p> <p>a piece of armor worn or carried on the arm to protect against blows from weapons</p>	<p>Latin</p> <p>the language of Ancient Rome and its empire</p>
---	---	--	--	---	--	---	--	---

The Roman Empire covered much of Europe when it was at its strongest.



The Romans gave us many things such as new plants and animals. But they also gave us roads, towns and flushing toilets!



Why did the Romans invade Britain?

1. For power as they wanted the Roman Empire to be as big as possible.
2. Revenge because the Celts had helped the Gaul's battle against Caesar.
3. Britain was rich in natural resource e.g. wool, leather and corn.
4. Britain had lots of valuable metals such as gold, silver and tin.
5. Slavery. Captured Britain's would become slaves.
6. For the glory of becoming the army to take Britain.

Facts about the Roman Army:

- They used clever tactics
- They had great weapons
- They wore effective armour
- They had good morale
- Soldiers were well trained and very experienced
- They built good networks of roads.

The Roman General Julius Caesar made two attempts to invade and conquer Britain. His legions weren't able to overcome the Celts in 55BC or 54BC.

Ninety years later, in 43AD, Emperor Claudius launched a third invasion in Britain. This time Britain (or Britannia as the Romans called it) became part of the Roman Empire.

753BC	510BC	43AD	61AD	71AD	122AD	200AD	410AD	455AD	1453AD
Building of Rome begins	Rome becomes a republic	Romans invade England	Boudica's rebellion	Romans conquer northern England	Hadrian's wall begins construction	Barbarians begin to attack the Roman Empire	Roman rule in England ends	Vandals destroy Rome	Rome's Eastern Empire falls to the Turks